

Guidelines for When a Student is Excluded from School

- Students with a temperature of 99.6 or greater. Students with fever should not return to school until they are fever-free for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medications like Tylenol or Motrin.
- Students whom have had severe diarrhea or vomited. A student should be free from diarrhea and vomiting for 24 hours without the use of medicine.
- Students with an illness that is defined by the Texas Department of Health as easily transmitted to others. Examples are:
 - - Chickenpox
 - Conjunctivitis (pinkeye)
 - Impetigo
 - Ringworm of the Scalp
 - Scabies
 - Strep Throat